



# Maxi Family 72V Input

Actual size:  
4.6 x 2.2 x 0.5in  
[117 x 56 x 12,7mm]



## DC-DC Converter Module

### Features & Benefits

- DC input range: 43 – 110V (continuous)
- Isolated output
- Encapsulated circuitry for shock and vibration resistance
- Extended temperature range (-55 to +100°C)
- Input surge withstand: 150V for 100ms
- DC output: 3.3 – 48V
- Programmable output: 10 – 110%
- Regulation: ±0.2% no load to full load
- Efficiency: Up to 88%
- Maximum operating temp: 100°C, full load
- Power density: up to 80W per cubic inch
- Height above board: 0.43in [10,9mm]
- Parallelable, with N+M fault tolerance
- Low-noise ZCS/ZVS architecture
- RoHS Compliant (with F or G pin option)

### Applications

Railway / Transportation system applications including communications systems, information display, lighting, control systems, ticket machines, passenger entertainment, public address systems, door control, industrial power systems and power generation systems.

For details on proper operation please refer to the: [Design Guide & Applications Manual for Maxi, Mini, Micro Family.](#)

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Rating	Unit	Notes
+IN to -IN voltage	-0.5 to +155	V <sub>DC</sub>	
PC to -IN voltage	-0.5 to +7.0	V <sub>DC</sub>	
PR to -IN voltage	-0.5 to +7.0	V <sub>DC</sub>	
SC to -OUT voltage	-0.5 to +1.5	V <sub>DC</sub>	
-Sense to -OUT voltage	1.0	V <sub>DC</sub>	
Isolation voltage			
IN to OUT	3000	V <sub>RMS</sub>	Test voltage
IN to base	1500	V <sub>RMS</sub>	Test voltage
OUT to base	500	V <sub>RMS</sub>	Test voltage
Operating Temperature	-55 to +100	°C	M-Grade
Storage Temperature	-65 to +125	°C	M-Grade
Pin soldering temperature	500 [260]	°F [°C]	<5 sec; wave solder
	750 [390]	°F [°C]	<7 sec; hand solder
Mounting torque	5 [0.57]	in-lbs [N·m]	6 each

### Product Overview

These DC-DC converter modules use advanced power processing, control and packaging technologies to provide the performance, flexibility, reliability and cost effectiveness of a mature power component.

High-frequency ZCS/ZVS switching provides high power density with low noise and high efficiency.

### Part Numbering

e.g. V72A24C400BL

V72A [ ] [ ] [ ] B [ ] [ ]

Output Voltage
3V3 = 3.3V
5 = 5V
8 = 8V
12 = 12V
15 = 15V
24 = 24V
28 = 28V
36 = 36V
48 = 48V

Product Grade Temperatures (°C)		
Grade	Operating	Storage
E	-10 to +100	-20 to +125
C	-20 to +100	-40 to +125
T	-40 to +100	-40 to +125
H	-40 to +100	-55 to +125
M	-55 to +100	-65 to +125

Output Power	
V <sub>out</sub>	P <sub>out</sub>
3.3V	264W
5V	300W
8V	300W
12V	400W
15V	400W
24V	400W
28V	400W
36V	400W
48V	400W

Pin Style	Finish
Blank: Short	Tin/Lead
L: Long	Tin/Lead
S: Short ModuMate	Gold
N: Long ModuMate	Gold
F: Short RoHS	Gold
G: Long RoHS	Gold
K: Extra Long RoHS	Gold

Baseplate
Blank: Slotted
2: Threaded
3: Through-hole

Note: Product images may not highlight current product markings.

## Module Family Electrical Characteristics

Electrical characteristics apply over the full operating range of input voltage, output load (resistive) and baseplate temperature, unless otherwise specified. All temperatures refer to the operating temperature at the center of the baseplate.

### Module Input Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Operating input voltage	43	72	110	V <sub>DC</sub>	Per EN50155 and GBT-25119
Input surge withstand			150	V <sub>DC</sub>	<100ms
Undervoltage turn-on		41.7	42.6	V <sub>DC</sub>	
Undervoltage turn-off	35.2	36.5		V <sub>DC</sub>	
Overshoot turn-off/on	111	115.5	121	V <sub>DC</sub>	
Disabled input current			1.5	mA	PC pin low

### Module Output Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Output voltage set point		±1		%	Of nominal output voltage. Nominal input; full load; 25°C
Line regulation		±0.02	±0.20	%	Low line to high line; full load
Temperature regulation		±0.002	±0.005	% / °C	Over operating temperature range
Power sharing accuracy		±2	±5	%	10 – 100% of full load
Programming range	10		110	%	Of nominal output voltage. For trimming below 90% of nominal, a minimum load of 10% of maximum rated power may be required.
<b>+OUT to –OUT, +Sense to –OUT — Absolute Maximum Ratings</b>					
3.3V			–0.5 to 4.7	V <sub>DC</sub>	Externally applied
5V			–0.5 to 7.0	V <sub>DC</sub>	Externally applied
8V			–0.5 to 10.9	V <sub>DC</sub>	Externally applied
12V			–0.5 to 16.1	V <sub>DC</sub>	Externally applied
15V			–0.5 to 20.0	V <sub>DC</sub>	Externally applied
24V			–0.5 to 31.7	V <sub>DC</sub>	Externally applied
28V			–0.5 to 36.9	V <sub>DC</sub>	Externally applied
36V			–0.5 to 47.4	V <sub>DC</sub>	Externally applied
48V			–0.5 to 62.9	V <sub>DC</sub>	Externally applied

**Note:** The permissible load current must never be exceeded during normal, abnormal or test conditions. For additional output related application information, please refer to output connections on page 6.

### Thermal Resistance and Capacity

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Baseplate to sink; flat, greased surface		0.08		°C/Watt
Baseplate to sink; thermal pad (P/N 20263)		0.07		°C/Watt
Baseplate to ambient		4.9		°C/Watt
Baseplate to ambient; 1000LFM		1.1		°C/Watt
Thermal capacity		165		Watt-sec/°C

## Module Family Electrical Characteristics (Cont.)

Electrical characteristics apply over the full operating range of input voltage, output load (resistive) and baseplate temperature, unless otherwise specified. All temperatures refer to the operating temperature at the center of the baseplate.

### Module Control Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
<b>Primary Side (PC = Primary Control; PR = Parallel)</b>					
PC bias voltage	5.50	5.75	6.00	V <sub>DC</sub>	PC current = 1.0mA PC voltage = 5.5V During normal operation
current limit	1.5	2.1	3.0	mA	
PC module disable	2.3	2.6	2.9	V <sub>DC</sub>	Switch must be able to sink ≥4mA. See Figure 2
PC module enable delay		4	7	ms	
PC module alarm			0.5	V <sub>AVG</sub>	UV, OV, OT, module fault. See Figures 3 and 5
PC resistance	0.9	1.0	1.1	MΩ	See Figure 3, converter off or fault mode
PR emitter amplitude	5.7	5.9	6.1	Volts	PR load >30Ω, <30pF
PR emitter current	150			mA	
PR receiver impedance	375	500	625	Ω	25°C
PR receiver threshold	2.4	2.5	2.6	Volts	Minimum pulse width: 20ns
PR drive capability			12	modules	Without PR buffer amplifier
<b>Secondary Side (SC = Secondary Control)</b>					
SC bandgap voltage	1.21	1.23	1.25	V <sub>DC</sub>	Referenced to –Sense
SC resistance	990	1000	1010	Ω	
SC capacitance		0.033		μF	
SC module alarm		0		V <sub>DC</sub>	With open trim; referenced to –Sense. See Figure 7

### Module General Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Remote sense (total drop)			0.5	V <sub>DC</sub>	0.25V per leg (sense leads must be connected to respective, output terminals)
Isolation test voltage (IN to OUT) <sup>[a]</sup>	3000			V <sub>RMS</sub>	Complies with reinforced insulation requirements
Isolation test voltage (IN to base) <sup>[a]</sup>	1500			V <sub>RMS</sub>	Complies with basic insulation requirements
Isolation test voltage (OUT to base) <sup>[a]</sup>	500			V <sub>RMS</sub>	Complies with operational insulation requirements
Isolation resistance		10		MΩ	IN to OUT, IN to baseplate, OUT to baseplate
Weight (E, C, T grade)	6.5 [184.3]	7.3 [207.5]	8.1 [230.7]	ounces [grams]	
Weight (H, M grade)	7.4 [209.3]	8.2 [232.5]	9.0 [255.7]	ounces [grams]	
Temperature limiting	100	115		°C	See Figures 3 and 5. Do not operate converter >100°C.
Agency approvals		cURus, cTÜVus, CE			UL60950-1, EN60950-1, CSA60950-1, IEC60950-1. With appropriate fuse in series with the +Input

<sup>[a]</sup> Isolation test voltage, 1 minute or less.

**Note:** Specifications are subject to change without notice.

## Module-Specific Operating Specifications

3.3V<sub>OUT</sub>, 264W (e.g. V72A3V3C264BL)

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Efficiency	79	80.4		%	Nominal input; 75% load; 25°C
Ripple and noise		289	361	mV	P-P; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth
Output OVP set point	4.14	4.3	4.46	Volts	25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100ms off)
Dissipation, standby		10.2	11.7	Watts	No load
Load regulation		±0.02	±0.2	%	No load to full load; nominal input
Output Current	0		80	Amps	
Current limit	81.6	92	108	Amps	Output voltage 95% of nominal
Short circuit current	56	92	108	Amps	Output voltage <250mV

5V<sub>OUT</sub>, 300W (e.g. V72A5C300BL)

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Efficiency	83.0	85.5		%	Nominal input; 75% load; 25°C
Ripple and noise		100	125	mV	P-P; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth
Output OVP set point	6.03	6.25	6.47	Volts	25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100ms off)
Dissipation, standby		10.4	11	Watts	No load
Load regulation		±0.02	±0.2	%	No load to full load; nominal input
Output Current	0		60	Amps	
Current limit	61.2	69	81	Amps	Output voltage 95% of nominal
Short circuit current	22	69	81	Amps	Output voltage <250mV

8V<sub>OUT</sub>, 300W (e.g. V72A8C300BL)

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Efficiency	83.6	84.8		%	Nominal input; 75% load; 25°C
Ripple and noise		215	269	mV	P-P; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth
Output OVP set point	9.36	9.7	10.1	Volts	25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100ms off)
Dissipation, standby		10.2	10.7	Watts	No load
Load regulation		±0.02	±0.2	%	No load to full load; nominal input
Output Current	0		37.5	Amps	
Current limit	38.2	43.1	50.7	Amps	Output voltage 95% of nominal
Short circuit current	26.2	43.1	50.7	Amps	Output voltage <250mV

12V<sub>OUT</sub>, 400W (e.g. V72A12C400BL)

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Efficiency	86.0	87.3		%	Nominal input; 75% load; 25°C
Ripple and noise		320	400	mV	P-P; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth
Output OVP set point	13.7	14.3	14.9	Volts	25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100ms off)
Dissipation, standby		12.4	13.5	Watts	No load
Load regulation		±0.02	±0.2	%	No load to full load; nominal input
Output Current	0		33.33	Amps	
Current limit	33.9	38.3	45	Amps	Output voltage 95% of nominal
Short circuit current	23.3	38.3	45	Amps	Output voltage <250mV

15V<sub>OUT</sub>, 400W (e.g. V72A15C400BL)

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Efficiency	85.2	86.7		%	Nominal input; 75% load; 25°C
Ripple and noise		300	375	mV	P-P; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth
Output OVP set point	17.1	17.8	18.5	Volts	25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100ms off)
Dissipation, standby		12.8	13.2	Watts	No load
Load regulation		±0.02	±0.2	%	No load to full load; nominal input
Output Current	0		26.67	Amps	
Current limit	27.2	30.7	36.1	Amps	Output voltage 95% of nominal
Short circuit current	18.6	30.7	36.1	Amps	Output voltage <250mV

## Module-Specific Operating Specifications (Cont.)

24V<sub>OUT</sub>, 400W (e.g. V72A24C400BL)

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Efficiency	86.5	87.9		%	Nominal input; 75% load; 25°C
Ripple and noise		205	275	mV	P-P; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth
Output OVP set point	27.1	28.1	29.1	Volts	25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100ms off)
Dissipation, standby		11	12.5	Watts	No load
Load regulation		±0.02	±0.2	%	No load to full load; nominal input
Output Current	0		16.67	Amps	
Current limit	17	19.2	23.4	Amps	Output voltage 95% of nominal
Short circuit current	11.6	19.2	22.6	Amps	Output voltage <250mV

28V<sub>OUT</sub>, 400W (e.g. V72A28C400BL)

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Efficiency	86.3	88.4		%	Nominal input; 75% load; 25°C
Ripple and noise		190	260	mV	P-P; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth
Output OVP set point	31.5	32.7	33.9	Volts	25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100ms off)
Dissipation, standby		15.6	17.4	Watts	No load
Load regulation		±0.02	±0.2	%	No load to full load; nominal input
Output Current	0		14.29	Amps	
Current limit	14.5	16.4	19.4	Amps	Output voltage 95% of nominal
Short circuit current	10	16.4	19.4	Amps	Output voltage <250mV

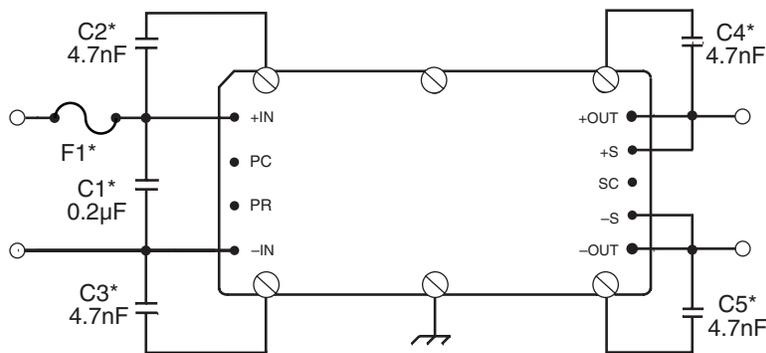
36V<sub>OUT</sub>, 400W (e.g. V72A36C400BL)

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Efficiency	86.0	88.0		%	Nominal input; 75% load; 25°C
Ripple and noise		200	250	mV	P-P; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth
Output OVP set point	40.4	41.9	43.4	Volts	25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100ms off)
Dissipation, standby		15.3	16.0	Watts	No load
Load regulation		±0.02	±0.2	%	No load to full load; nominal input
Output Current	0		11.11	Amps	
Current limit	11.3	12.8	15	Amps	Output voltage 95% of nominal
Short circuit current	7.77	12.8	15	Amps	Output voltage <250mV

48V<sub>OUT</sub>, 400W (e.g. V72A48C400BL)

Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
Efficiency	85.5	87.5		%	Nominal input; 75% load; 25°C
Ripple and noise		200	280	mV	P-P; Nominal input; full load; 20MHz bandwidth
Output OVP set point	53.7	55.7	57.7	Volts	25°C; recycle input voltage or PC to restart (>100ms off)
Dissipation, standby		14.9	15.4	Watts	No load
Load regulation		±0.02	±0.2	%	No load to full load; nominal input
Output Current	0		8.33	Amps	
Current limit	8.49	9.58	11.3	Amps	Output voltage 95% of nominal
Short circuit current	5.83	9.58	11.3	Amps	Output voltage <250mV

## Basic Module Operation



For C1 – C5, keep leads and connections short.

**Figure 1** — Basic module operation requires fusing, grounding, bypassing capacitors.\* See Maxi, Mini, Micro Design Guide.

### Output Connections and Considerations

The permissible load current must never be exceeded during normal, abnormal or test conditions. Converters subject to dynamic loading exceeding 25% of rated current must be reviewed by Vicor Applications Engineering to ensure that the converter will operate properly.

Under dynamic-load, light-load or no-load conditions, the converter may emit audible noise. Converters that utilize remote sense may require compensation circuitry to offset the phase lag caused by the external output leads and load impedance. Remote-Sense

leads must be protected for conditions such as lead reversal, noise pickup, open circuit, or excessive output lead resistance between the sense point and the converters output terminals. For applications that may draw more than the rated current, a fast-acting electronic circuit breaker must be utilized to protect the converter. Under no circumstance should the rated current be exceeded. Utilizing or testing of current limit or short circuit current will damage the converter. Ensure that the total output capacitance connected to the converter does not exceed the limits on Page 16, "Maximum Output Capacitance", of the design guide.

### Comprehensive Online Application Information



### The Design Guide and Applications Manual includes:

- Application circuits
- Design requirements
- EMC considerations
- Current sharing in power arrays
- Thermal performance information
- Recommended soldering methods
- Accessory modules – filtering, rectification, front-ends
- Mounting options
- ...and more.

[CLICK HERE TO VIEW  
DESIGN GUIDE](#)

Also at [vicorpower.com](http://vicorpower.com)

- PowerBench online configurators
- Over 20 Application Notes
- Online calculators – thermal, trimming, hold-up
- PDF data sheets for ALL Vicor products

Primary Control – PC Pin

Module Enable/Disable

The module may be disabled by pulling PC below 2.3V with respect to the –Input. This may be done with an open collector transistor, relay, or optocoupler. Multiple converters may be disabled with a single transistor or relay either directly or via “OR’ing” diodes. See Figure 2.

Primary Auxiliary Supply

At 5.7V, PC can source up to 1.5mA. In the example shown in Figure 4, PC powers a module enabled LED.

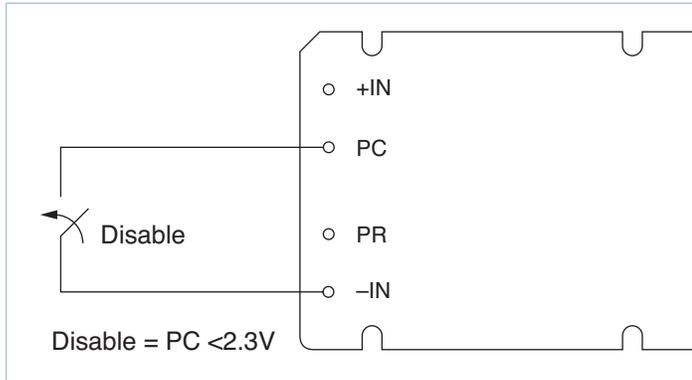


Figure 2 — Module enable/disable

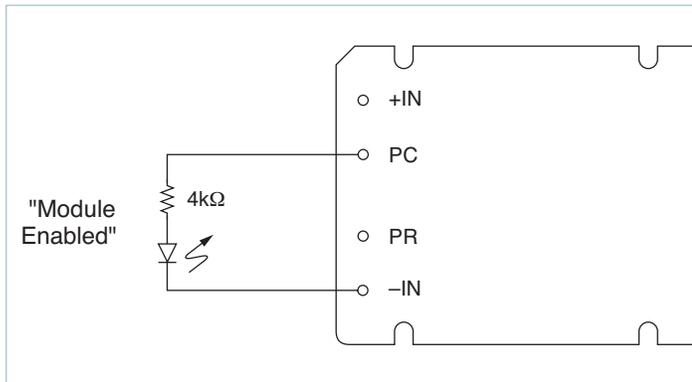


Figure 4 — LED on-state indicator

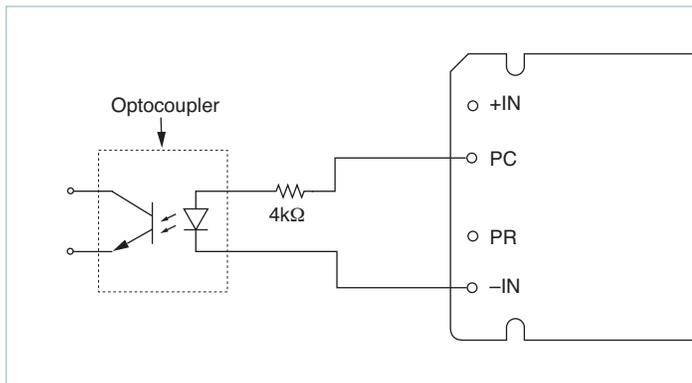


Figure 6 — Isolated on-state indicator

Module Alarm

The module contains “watchdog” circuitry which monitors input voltage, operating temperature and internal operating parameters. In the event that any of these parameters are outside of their allowable operating range, the module will shut down and PC will go low. PC will periodically go high and the module will check to see if the fault (as an example, overtemperature) has cleared. If the fault has not been cleared, PC will go low again and the cycle will restart. The SC pin will go low in the event of a fault and return to its normal state after the fault has been cleared. See Figures 3 and 5.

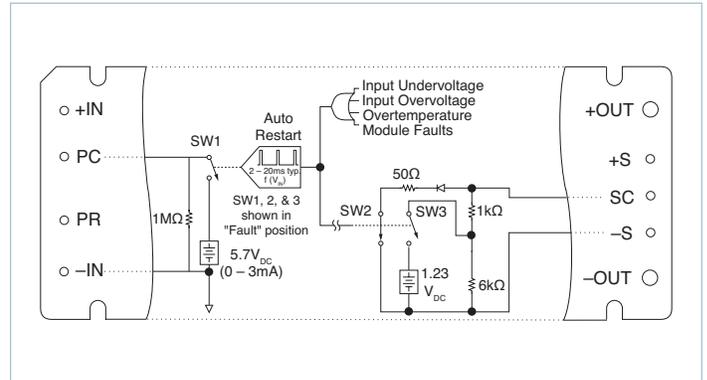


Figure 3 — PC/SC module alarm logic

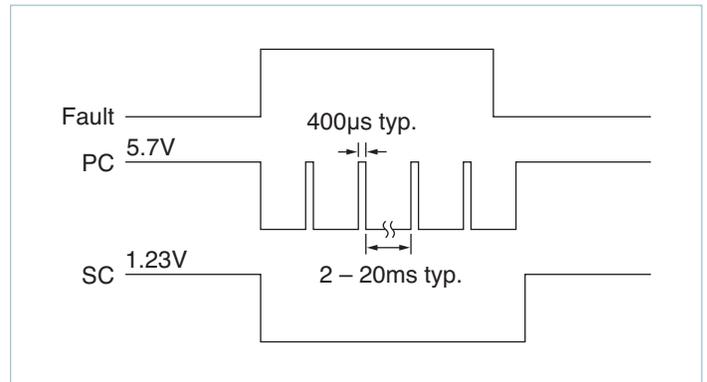


Figure 5 — PC/SC module alarm timing

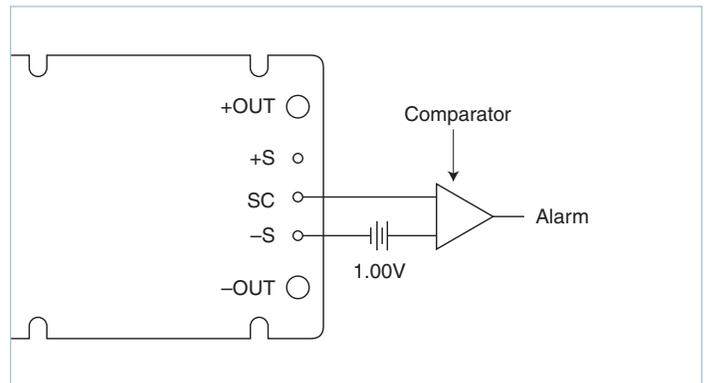


Figure 7 — Secondary-side on-state indicator

## Secondary Control – SC Pin

### Output Voltage Programming

The output voltage of the converter can be adjusted or programmed via fixed resistors, potentiometers or voltage DACs. See Figure 8.

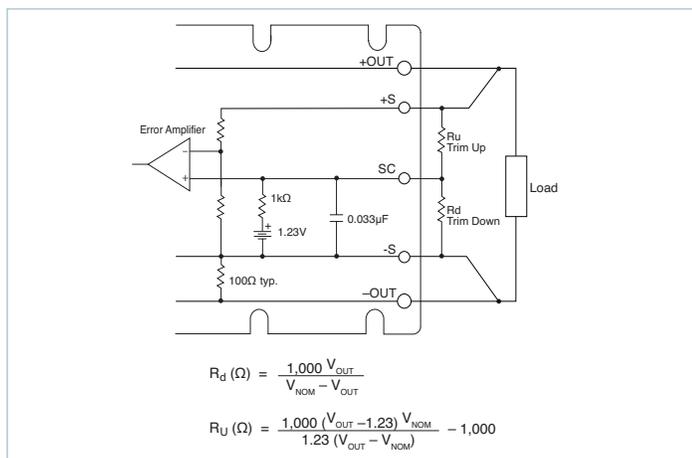


Figure 8 — Output voltage trim-down and trim-up circuit

### Trim Down

1. This converter is not a constant-power device – it has a constant current limit. Hence, available output power is reduced by the same percentage that output voltage is trimmed down. Do not exceed maximum rated output current.
2. The trim-down resistor must be connected between the SC and –S pins. Do not bypass the SC pin directly with a capacitor.

### Trim Up

1. The converter is rated for a maximum delivered power. To ensure that maximum rated power is not exceeded, reduce maximum output current by the same percentage increase in output voltage.
2. The trim-up resistor must be connected between the SC and +S pins. Do not bypass the SC pin directly with a capacitor.
3. Do not trim the converter above maximum trim range (typically +10%) or the output overvoltage protection circuitry may be activated.

#### Trim resistor values calculated automatically:

On-line calculators for trim resistor values are available on the vicor website at:

[asp.vicorpower.com/calculators/calculators.asp?calc=1](http://asp.vicorpower.com/calculators/calculators.asp?calc=1)

Resistor values can be calculated for fixed trim up, fixed trim down and for variable trim up or down.

## Parallel Bus – PR Pin

### Parallel Operation

The PR pin supports paralleling for increased power with N+1 (N+M) redundancy. Modules of the same input voltage, output voltage, and power level will current share if all PR pins are suitably interfaced.

Compatible interface architectures include the following:

**AC-coupled single-wire interface.** All PR pins are connected to a single communication bus through 0.001μF (500V) capacitors. This interface supports current sharing and is fault tolerant except for the communication bus. Up to three converters may be paralleled by this method. See Figure 9.

**Transformer-coupled interface.** For paralleling four or more converters a transformer-coupled interface is required, and under certain conditions a PR buffer circuit.

For details on parallel operation please refer to the [Design Guide & Applications Manual for Maxi, Mini, Micro Family](#).

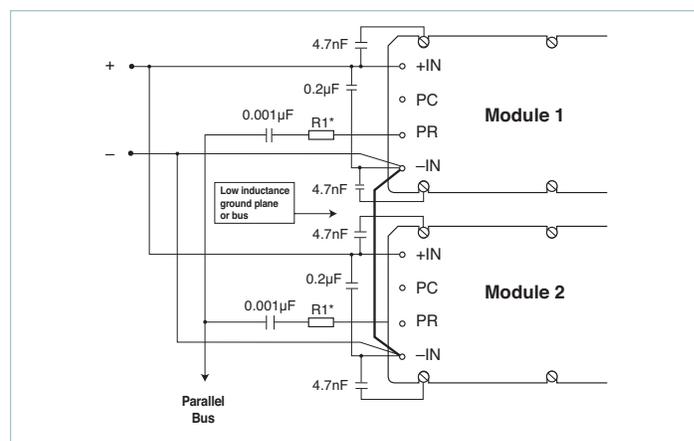


Figure 9 — AC-coupled single-wire interface  
\* See Maxi, Mini, Micro Design Guide

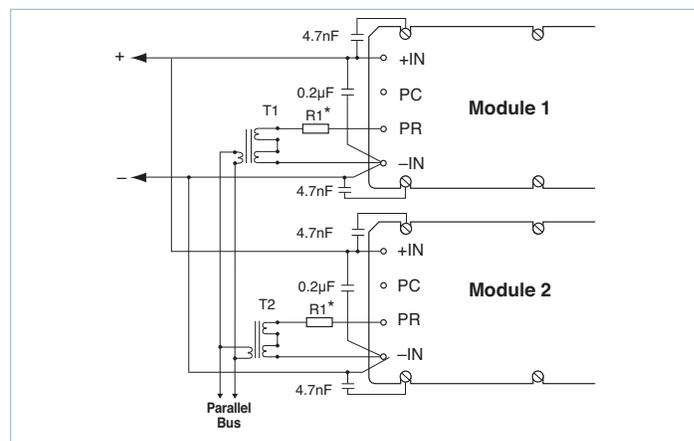
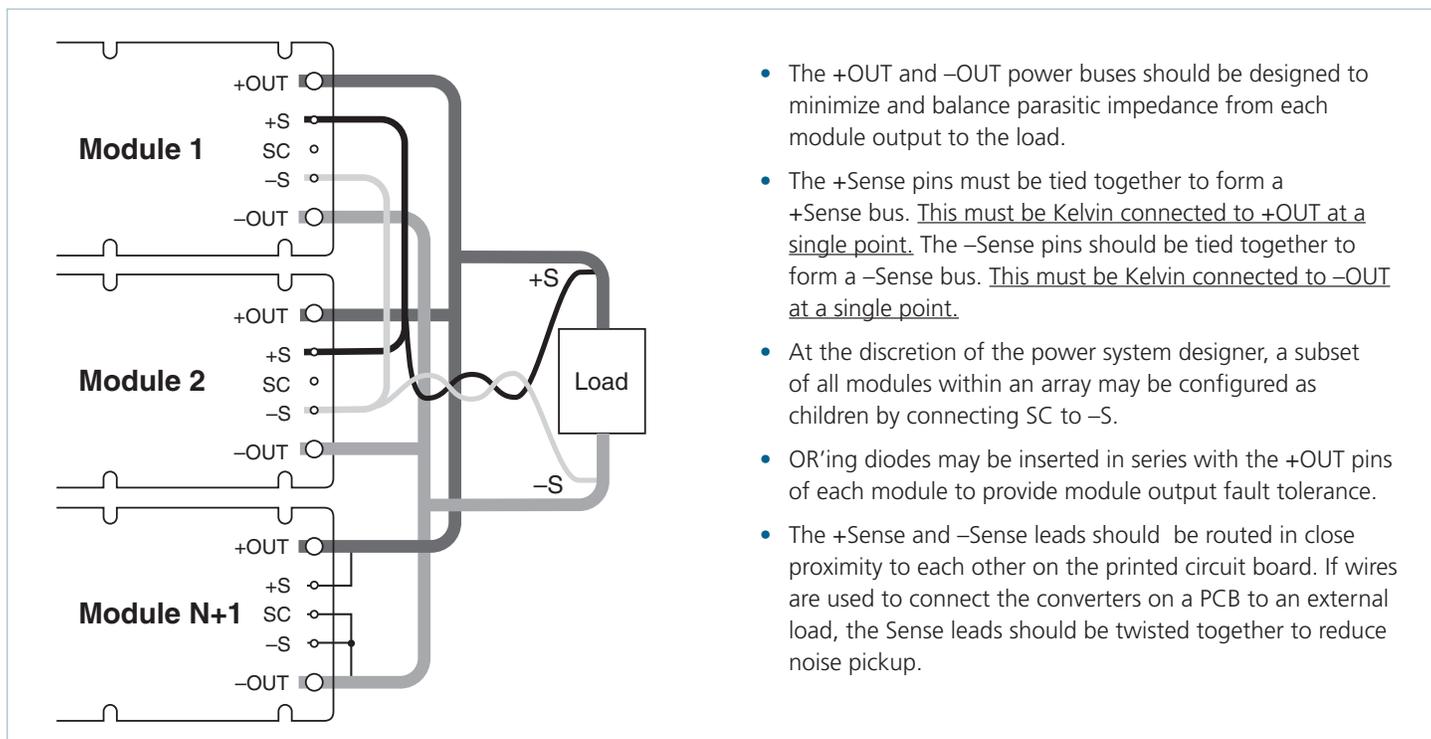


Figure 10 — Transformer-coupled interface

Number of Converters in Parallel	*R1 value Ω
2	75
3	50
4	33
5 or more	refer to application note: <a href="#">Designing High-Power Arrays using Maxi, Mini, Micro Family DC-DC Converters</a>

## Parallel Bus Output



- The +OUT and -OUT power buses should be designed to minimize and balance parasitic impedance from each module output to the load.
- The +Sense pins must be tied together to form a +Sense bus. This must be Kelvin connected to +OUT at a single point. The -Sense pins should be tied together to form a -Sense bus. This must be Kelvin connected to -OUT at a single point.
- At the discretion of the power system designer, a subset of all modules within an array may be configured as children by connecting SC to -S.
- OR'ing diodes may be inserted in series with the +OUT pins of each module to provide module output fault tolerance.
- The +Sense and -Sense leads should be routed in close proximity to each other on the printed circuit board. If wires are used to connect the converters on a PCB to an external load, the Sense leads should be twisted together to reduce noise pickup.

Figure 11 — N+1 module array output connections

## Pin Styles\*

Designator	Description	Finish	Notes
(None)	Short	Tin/Lead	Requires inboard mounting
L	Long	Tin/Lead	Onboard mounting for 0.065in boards
S	Short ModuMate	Gold	SurfMate or inboard socket mounting
N	Long ModuMate	Gold	Onboard socket mounting
F	Short RoHS	Gold	Select for RoHS-compliant inboard solder, socket or SurfMate mounting
G	Long RoHS	Gold	Select for RoHS-compliant onboard solder or socket mounting
K	Extra Long RoHS	Gold	Select for RoHS compliance onboard mounting for thicker PCBs (not intended for socket or Surfmate mounting)

\* Pin style designator follows the "B" after the output power and precedes the baseplate designator.  
Ex. V48A12T500BN2 — Long ModuMate Pins

## Storage

Vicor products, when not installed in customer units, should be stored in ESD safe packaging in accordance with ANSI/ESD S20.20, "Protection of Electrical and Electronic Parts, Assemblies and Equipment" and should be maintained in a temperature controlled factory/ warehouse environment not exposed to outside elements controlled between the temperature ranges of 15°C and 38°C. Humidity shall not be condensing, no minimum humidity when stored in an ESD compliant package.

Mechanical Drawings

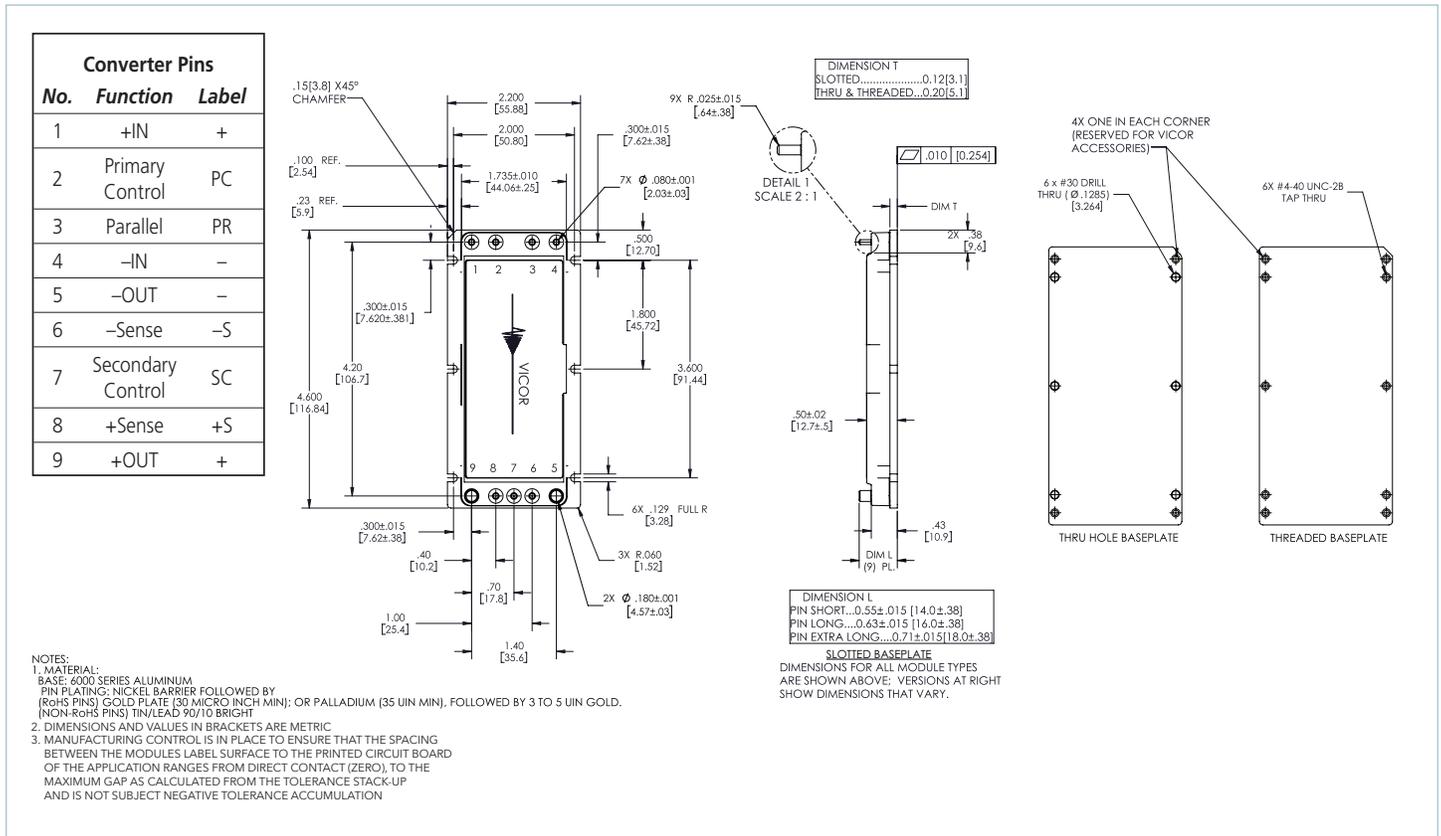


Figure 12 — Module outline

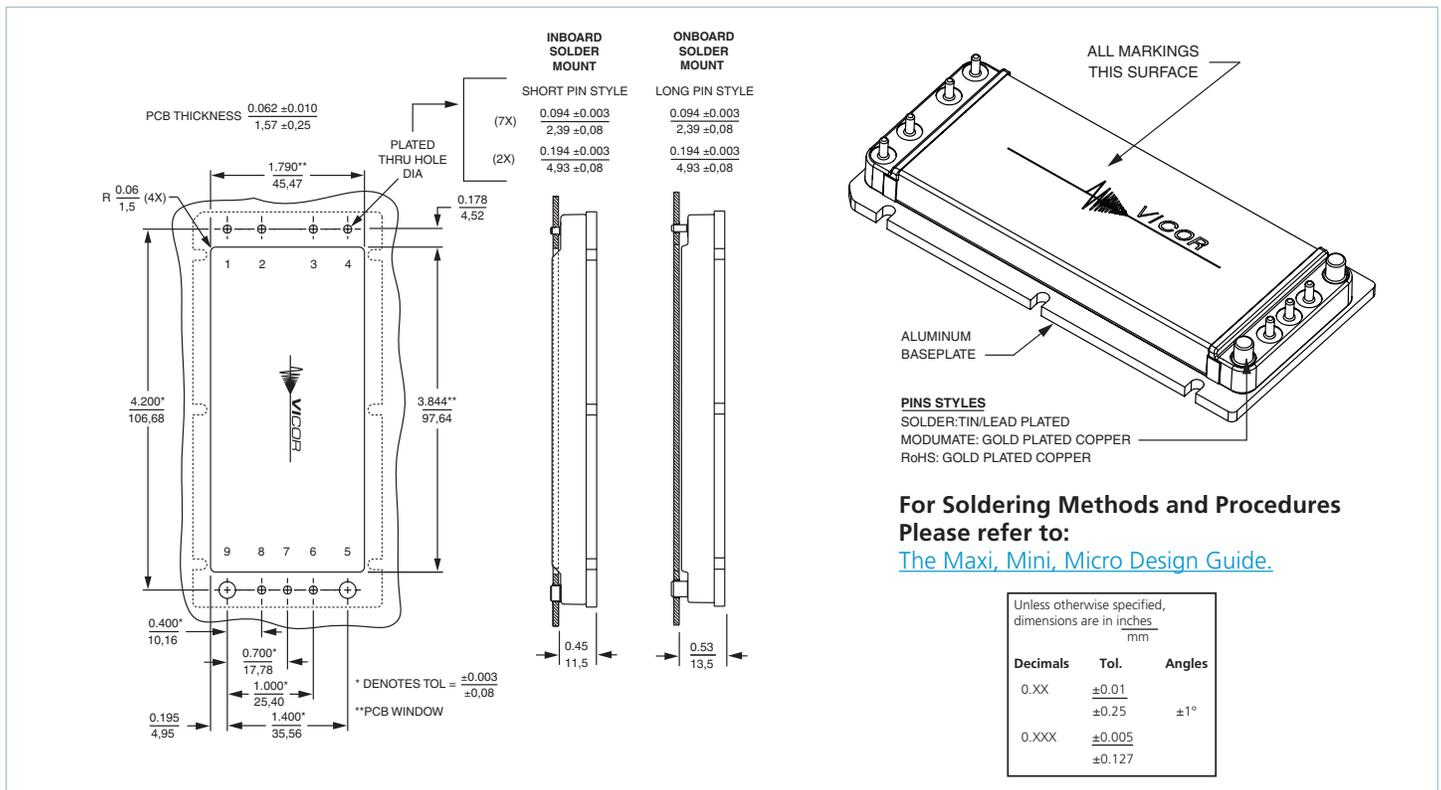


Figure 13 — PCB mounting specifications

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